



MWRD Phase II Study Area City of Chicago

Project Overview Presentation to
Calumet Stormwater Collaborative

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Geosyntec.com

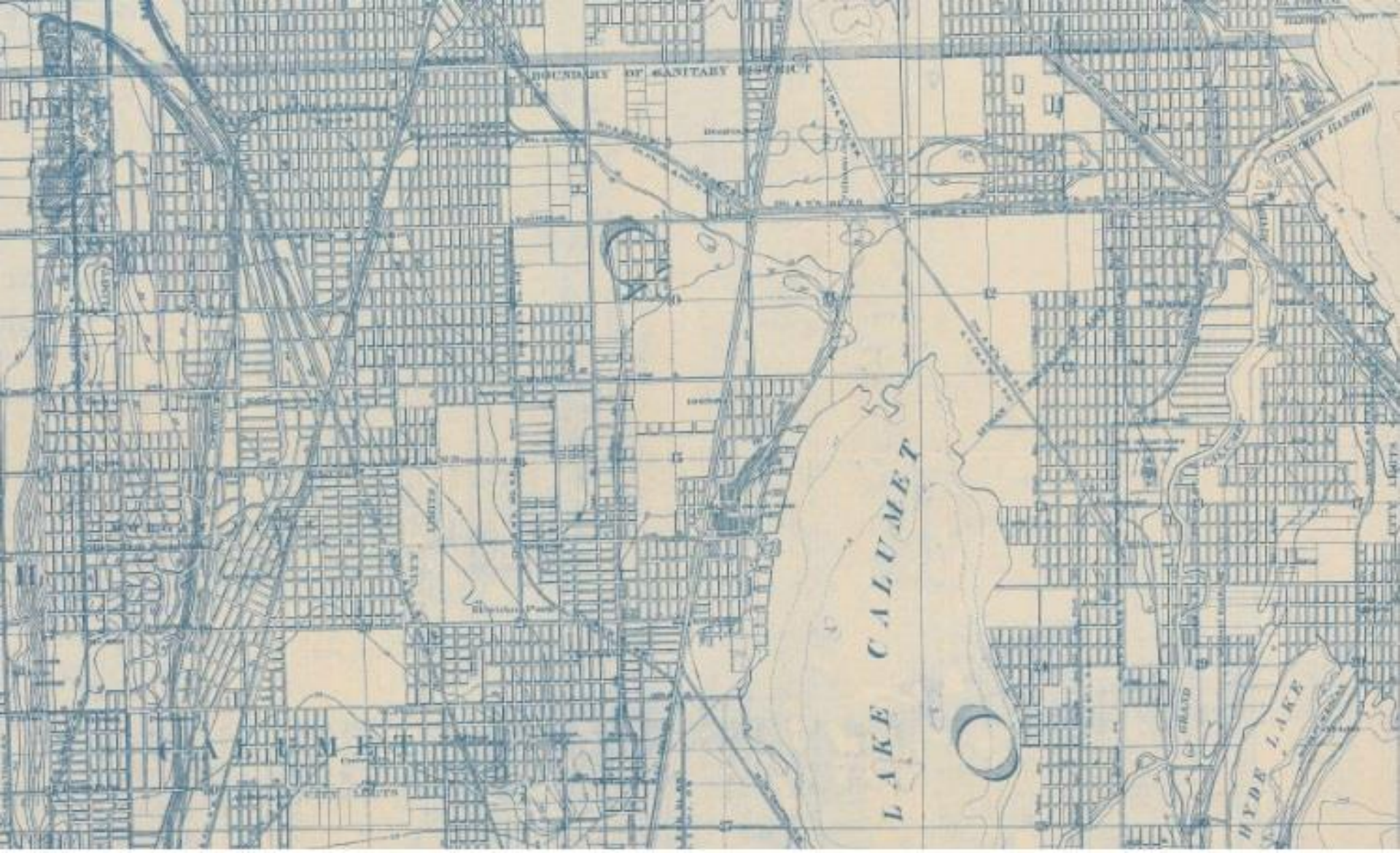
engineers | scientists | innovators



Green Metro
Planning IIc

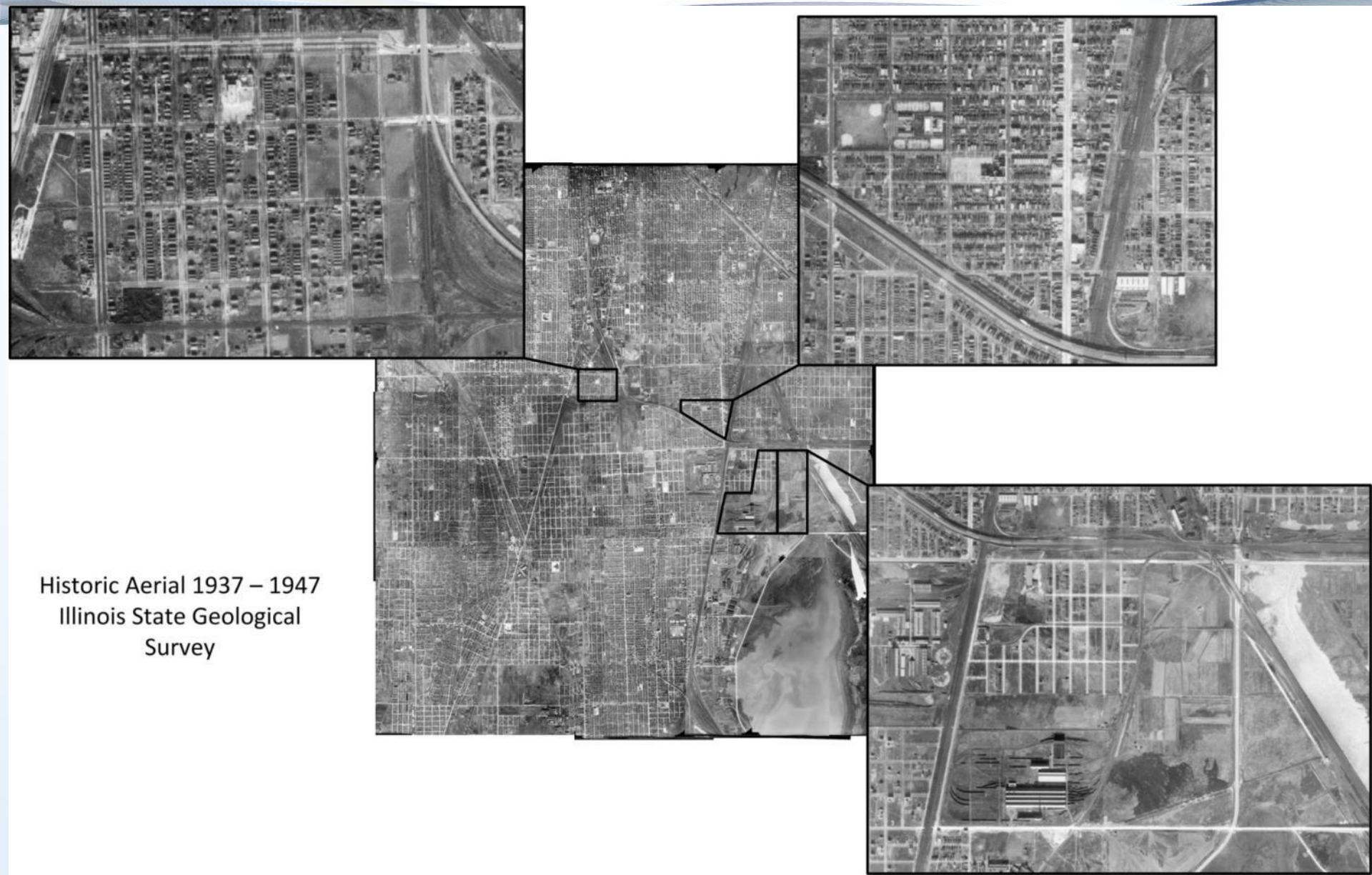


Sanitary District of Chicago Map c1895





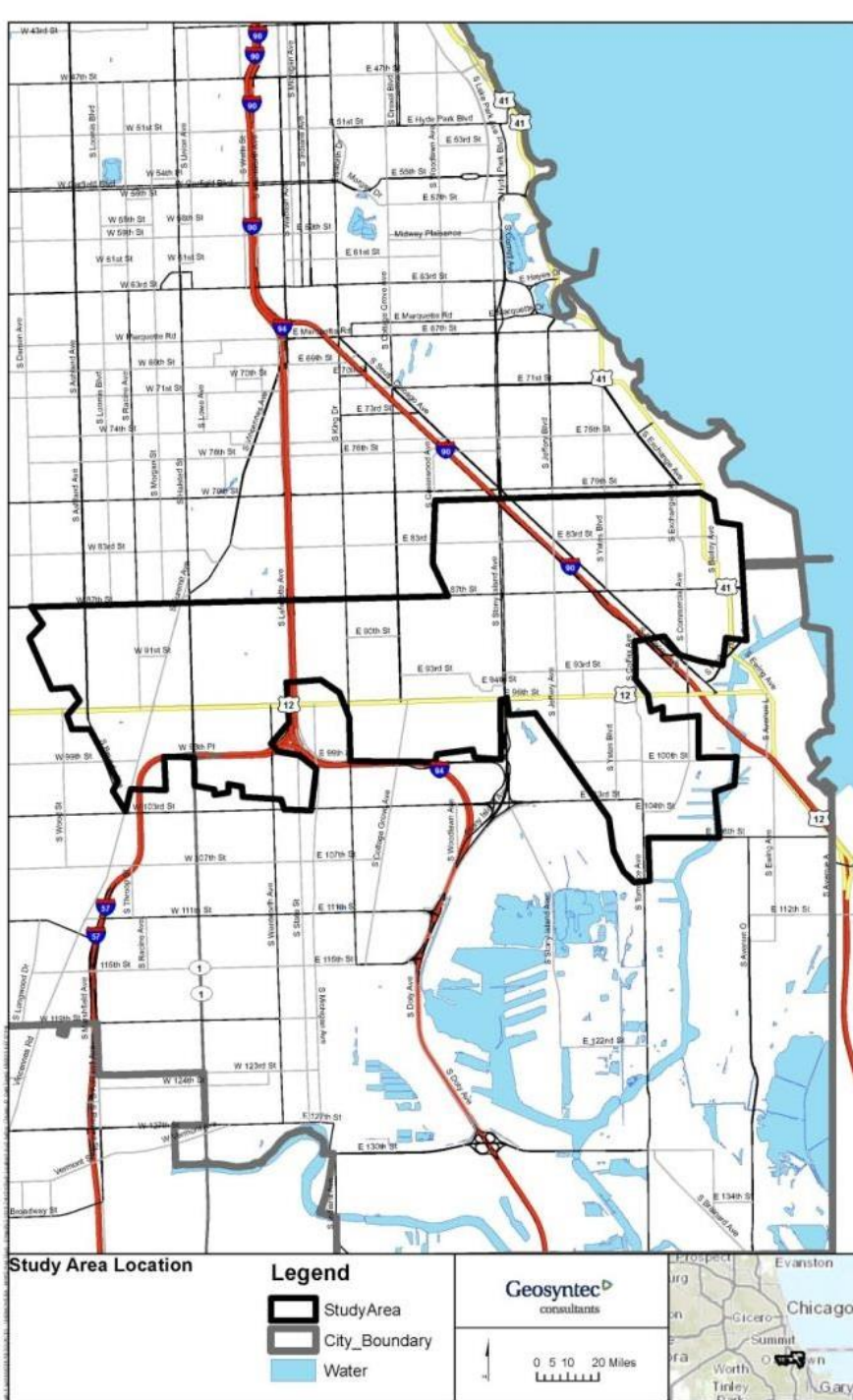
A Closer Look of Subservice Areas 1939

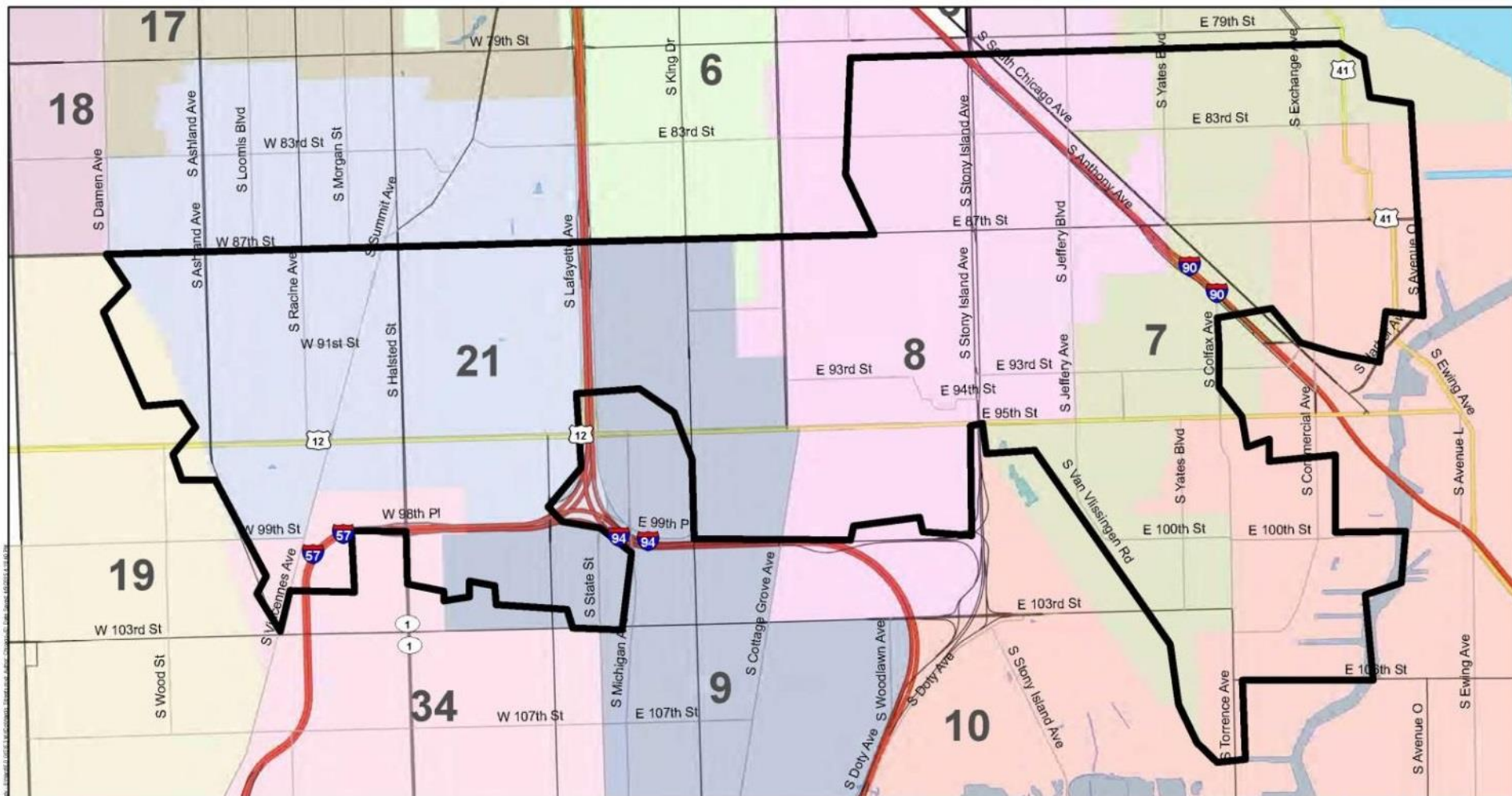


Historic Aerial 1937 – 1947
Illinois State Geological
Survey

Overview













- 13 Square Miles
- 7 Wards (7,8,9,10,21, 34, & 19)
- Densely urbanized
- Prior & ongoing studies
- Chronic urban flooding

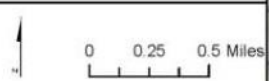


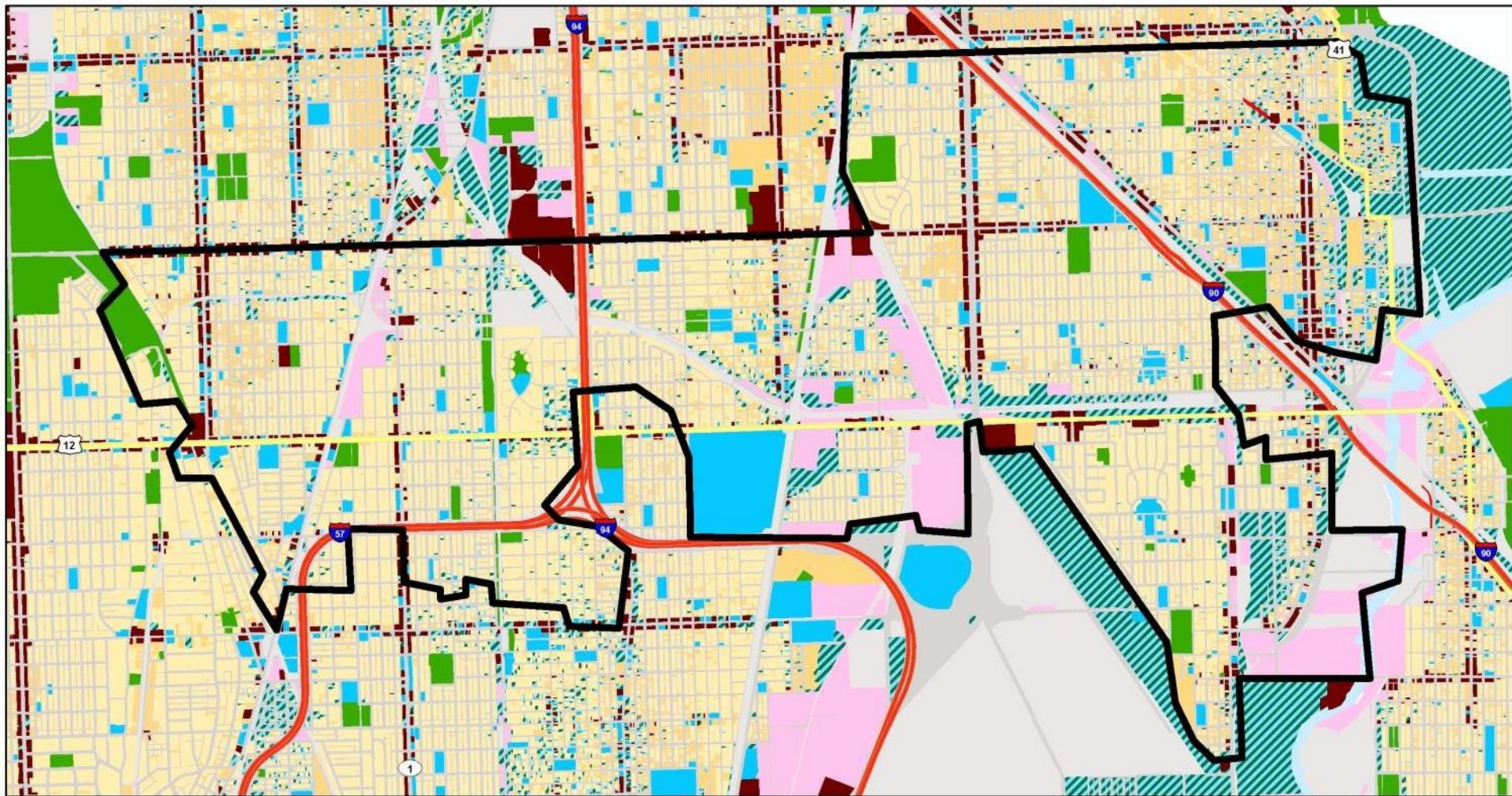


Study Area

Legend

	Study Area	Ward		18		21		7
	10		19		34		8	
	17		2		6		9	

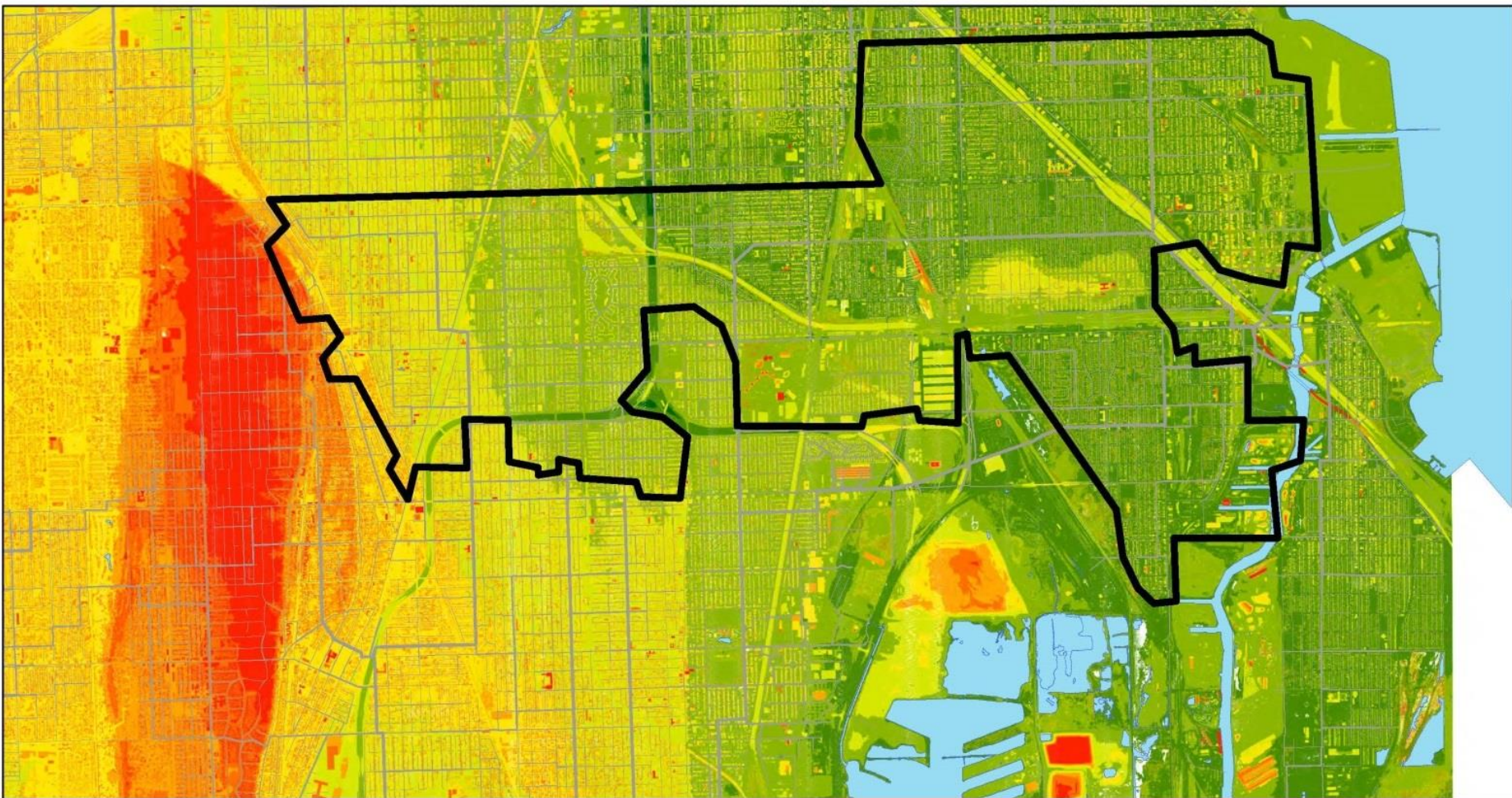




LANDUSE			Landuse Type	
	Acres	Percent		
Single-Family	2921	35%	Residential-Single Family	Yellow
Multi-Family	521	6%	Residential-Multi-Family	Light Orange
Commercial	325	4%	Commercial	Dark Red
Industrial	449	5%	Institutional	Light Blue
Institutional	453	5%	Industrial	Pink
Vacant (developed)	482	6%	Agriculture	Light Green
Road ROW	2351	28%	Open Space	Dark Green
Open Space	219	3%	Vacant or Under Construction	Blue with Diagonal Lines
Transportation	613	7%	Road ROW	Grey
Total	8,333	100%	Unclassified	Red
			Water	Light Blue








Geosyntec consultants

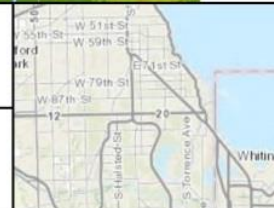
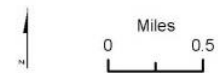
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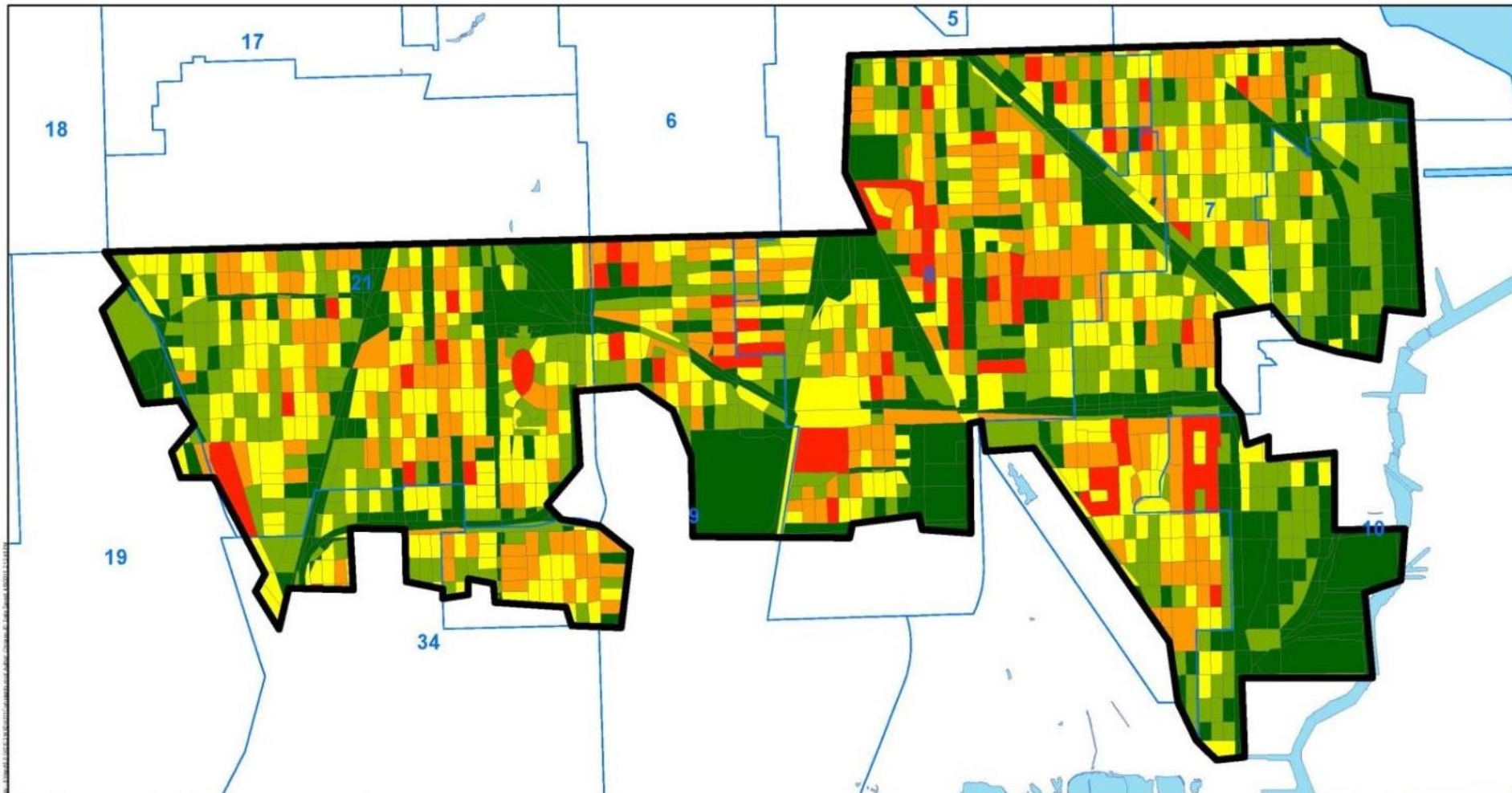


Topographic Data

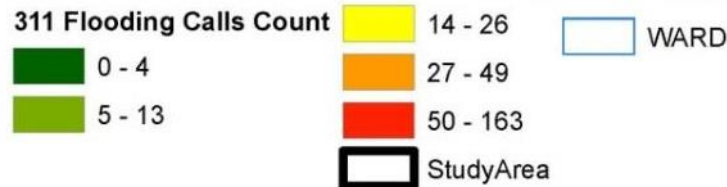
Processed LIDAR Data
Source : Cook County

Elevation		575 - 588		617 - 630
NAVD 88 ft		589 - 602		631 - 644
		-84 - 574		603 - 616
				645 - 658
				659 - 800



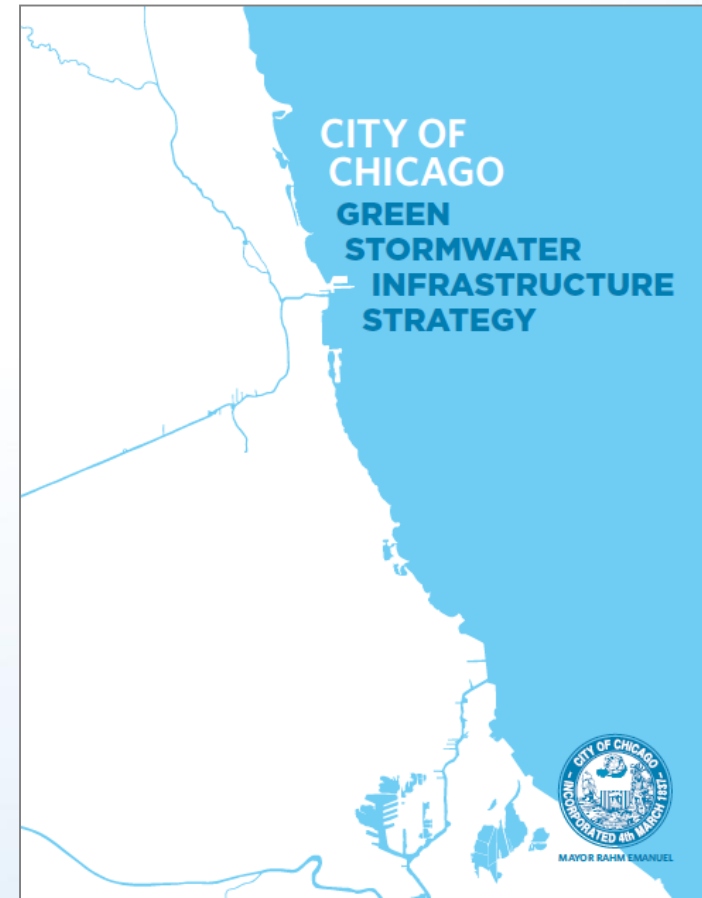


311 Flooding Call Summary Analysis



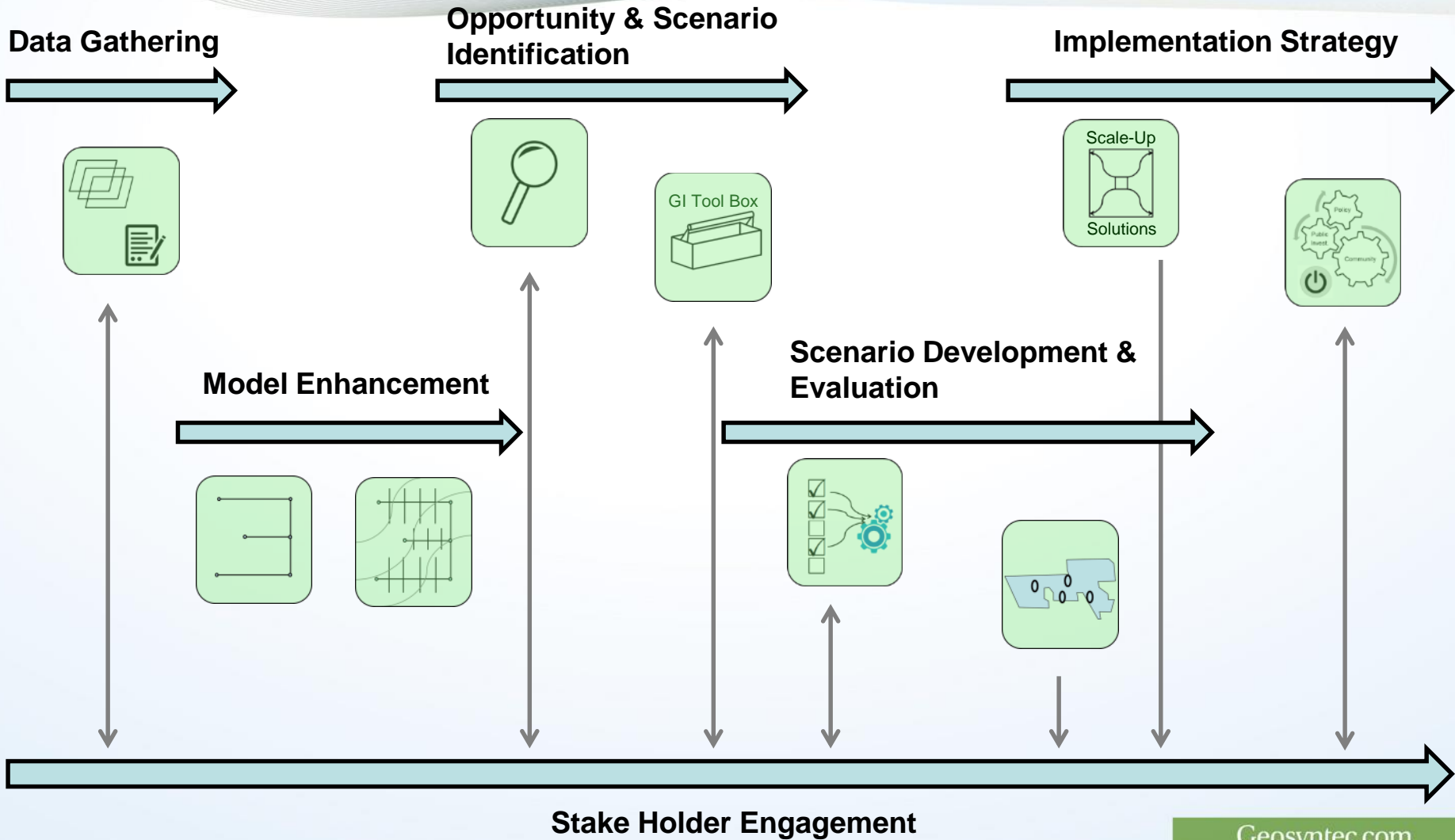
- Comprehensive Stormwater Management and Sewer Improvement Study for the Jeffery Manor Area (1992)
- Stormwater Management Study and Feasibility Report for the Jeffery Manor Area (1993)
- Report on City-Wide Study and Evaluation of the Adequacy and Physical Condition of the City of Chicago Sewer System (1995)
- Southeast Inlet Control Pilot Study (1999)
- City-wide Trunk Sewer Model – Areas 4A, 4B (2008)
- City-wide Master Planning of Sewer Improvement Projects: Model Area 4 Documentation (2015)
- Chatham Neighborhood: CNT & USACE (2015)

- Foundation of Project Approach: Green Stormwater Infrastructure Strategy
 - Initiative 4
 - Initiative 6
- Key Work Plan Elements
 - Green Infrastructure Tool Box
 - Sub-service Area Selection
 - Analytical / Modeling Approach



- **INITIATIVE 4: Green Stormwater Infrastructure Study: Undertake a study to determine the costs and benefits of using green infrastructure to manage stormwater**
 - *There are two primary aspects of green stormwater infrastructure that we must study further – analyzing the costs and benefits of potential long-term green implementation scenarios and using a computer model to simulate the effects on sewer system performance and project reductions basement flooding risk and improvements to water quality.*

- **INITIATIVE 6: Citywide Stormwater Management Plan: We will create a comprehensive plan that establishes a long-term vision and implementation strategy for managing stormwater with green and grey stormwater infrastructure**
 - *The plan will also build on and be informed by two other major efforts – the City’s previous and ongoing master planning work for sewers and the MWRD’s ongoing and upcoming planning for stormwater management and green infrastructure.*



- Modeling Green Infrastructure to Quantify Benefits & Performance
 - Approximation (i.e. curve number)
 - Explicitly (i.e. unit processes, attenuation, infiltration)
- InfoWorks – City Model (combined sewer)
- Refining the model (allow GI representation)
 - InfoWorks CS vs ICM
 - InfoWorks & EPA-SWMM
 - InfoWorks ICM with surface routing

Goals

- Understand the issues at a local level: flooding and local perception
- Engage the community
- Educate the community
- Provide community with framework for future improvements

Outcomes

- Local understanding of the issues
- Neighborhood champions
- Community leaders and residents will have the tools to move forward

Non-Traditional Outreach and Engagement

Our over-arching goal is to seek the highest level of community participation, in order to maximize the project impact.



Listening to Stakeholders and Community Representatives

Engaging community residents in active conversations



We meet with and educate:

Political champions/local elected officials: aldermen, state representatives

Business organizations: industrial, retail, commercial, small businesses

Large landowners/institutions: elementary/high schools, community college, university, libraries, police, fire, government

Working in the 10th Ward



Community Leaders gather input from their neighborhood organizations (survey)

Neighborhood representatives have a shared understanding of the project

High participation and partnership results in buy-in from residents (survey)

Working in the 6th and the 21st Ward



Incorporate recommendations into the study

Train community leaders to champion future stormwater management improvements

Motivate communities and residents to implement recommended green infrastructure actions

