A Federal Perspective on Congestion Pricing





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Overview

- Background on Congestion Pricing
- Benefits and Experiences of Pricing
- Case Study Miami I-95 Express
- Lessons Learned
- Re-Authorization

The Federal Setting

- Federal law provides authority to toll and price motor vehicles on Federally-aided roads:
 - To finance construction/reconstruction
 - To promote efficient use of highways
 - To reduce traffic congestion
 - To improve air quality
- Six programs are now available.

What is Congestion Pricing?

- Variably priced lanes: Variable tolls on separated lanes within a highway, such as express toll lanes or highoccupancy toll lanes.
- Variable tolls on entire roadways: Both on toll roads and bridges, as well as on existing toll-free facilities during rush hours.
- Zone-based or cordon charges: Either variable or fixed charges to drive within or into a congested area within a city.
- Area-wide or system-wide charges: Per-mile charges
 on all roads within an area or on a roadway network that
 may vary by level of congestion.

Types of Priced Lanes: HOT-2+

Operating:

- I-15, San Diego
- SR 167, Seattle
- I-15, Salt Lake City
- I-394 and I-35W, Minneapolis
- I-10, Houston

In implementation process:

I-110, Los Angeles

Types of Priced Lanes: HOT-3+

Operating:

- US 290, Houston Lane added in median
- I-95, Miami (phase 1) New lane with restriping

In implementation process:

- I-495, Northern Virginia New lanes being constructed
- I-85, Atlanta Conversion
- I-10, Los Angeles Conversion
- I-95, Miami (phase 2) New lane with restriping

Types of Priced Lanes: Express Lanes

Operating:

SR 91, Orange County, CA – New lanes

In implementation process:

- I-95, Baltimore New lanes
- I-595, Ft. Lauderdale New lanes
- I-635 (LBJ), Dallas New lanes
- I-30, Dallas
- I-35E, Dallas
- North Tarrant Expressway, Ft. Worth New lanes

Non-Toll Congestion Pricing

- Variably Priced Metered Parking
- Variably Pricing of Off-Street Parking
- Parking Cash-Out
- Variable Port Access Charges

for Trucks



Transportation System Management

Managing Demand

- Modal alternatives (BRT, Light Rail, Park-and-Ride Stations)
- Congestion pricing
- Telecommuting and flexible work schedules

Managing Supply

- Advanced Traffic Management
- Managed Lanes
- Adding new lanes

Benefits

Reliability for:

- Transit Riders and Carpoolers
- Drivers
- Businesses



Traffic speeds on SR 91 during rush hours

Experience

- Effects on Driver Behavior, Traffic Volumes and Travel Speeds
 - San Diego's I-15 reversible HOT lanes: The number of vehicles increased by 54 percent over the first 3 years and the time advantage of the express lanes has been maintained.
 - The California SR-91 Express Lanes: Provides congestion free, high speed travel at 60-65 mph to paying customers during peak periods even while volume grows.

Experience

Effects on Transit Ridership:

- The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey (PANYNJ):
 20 percent of auto users shifted to transit in response to variable, time-of-day pricing.
- The I-95 Express project in Miami: Where the HOV requirement was raised from HOV 2+ to HOV 3+ and carpools are registered there was a 30 percent increase in transit ridership as a result of new bus service implemented to complement the I-95 Express HOT lanes.

Effects on Air Quality

There have been many instances where project implementation led to benefits to traffic flow, resulted in a calculated improvement to air quality.

Experience

- Effects on Equity for Low-Income Individuals
 - The perception of unfairness may not reflect user opinions. HOT Lane conversions have encountered concerns in planning about catering to the rich. Such concerns tend to diminish among users and the public as operations get underway.
- Technology Development
 - HOT lanes have demonstrated sufficient advances in technologies to make variable pricing feasible, along with enforcement of violations by stationary and mobile means.

Case Study Miami – The I-95 Express Project Description

- Phase 1A:
 - HOV to HOT conversion northbound from downtown Miami to Golden Glades
 - Opened Dec 2008
- Phase 1B:
 - HOV to HOT conversion southbound from Golden Glades to downtown Miami
 - Opened Jan 2010
- Phase 2:
 - HOV to HOT Conversion both directions from Golden Glades Interchange to I-595
 - Construction will begin fall 2010, opening date scheduled for summer/fall 2012



Case Study Miami – Traffic Impacts

- 50,000 to 60,000 veh/day now use the Express Lanes (in both directions)
- Peak period average speeds are of 60mph
- Average peak period tolls range from \$2.50 to \$5
- Overall reliability is 45mph minimum 100% of the time.
- Sun Sentinel reported that high tolls may actually be encouraging motorists to use Express Lanes



Case Study Miami Transit Improvements

- 500 extra parking spaces added to Golden Glades Interchange in late 2009
- Southbound Express Lanes between downtown Miami and Golden Glades Interchange opened in mid January 2010
- Three new transit routes began operating in late January 2010
- 23 new articulated buses (58 seats)
 being phased in over next 2 years
- 14 ramp signaling locations added 4/2010





Lessons Learned

- Projects implemented have been valuable in demonstrating congestion pricing to the public.
- The projects are meeting strategic goals by providing reliable travel times and supported by enhanced public transit.
- These lanes have demonstrated the technical feasibility of pricing and have shown the potential to change travel behavior.

Lessons Learned

- Priced lanes have proven that many travelers are happy to have the option of buying a reliable trip.
- Pricing supports livable communities by increasing transportation choices, access to transportation services, and improving highway system performance.
- Pricing projects provide safe, reliable, effective, and sustainable mobility for all users

Re-Authorization and Congestion Pricing?



- Not Sure
- Streamline Opportunities
- •Broaden Authority?
- Pricing New Capacity –Generally OK
- Pricing Existing Capacity unclear

Final Thoughts

- Pricing is happening and will continue to evolve at various locations.
- Pricing is an important strategy to consider to address congestion and raise revenue.
- HOT &/or Express Lanes can be an important "Building Block" to introduce pricing to a region.
- Planning for HOT & Express Lanes is key to setting the stage.