URBAN FLOOD AWARENESS ACT

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IDNR – Office of Water Resources

Report Overview

Report sections:

- Analyze Past, Current, and Future flooding
- 2. Effectiveness of Programs and Policies
- 3. Strategies for Reducing Urban Flood Damages



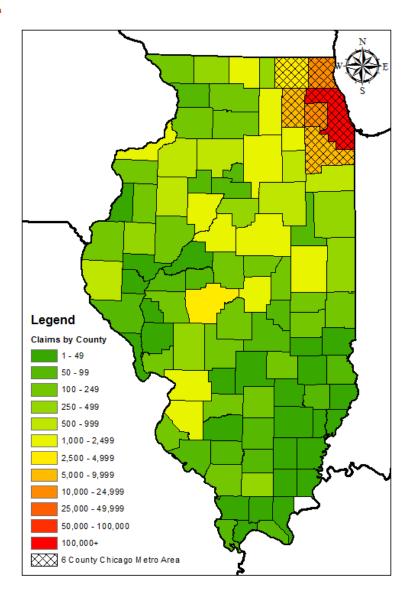


Data Collection

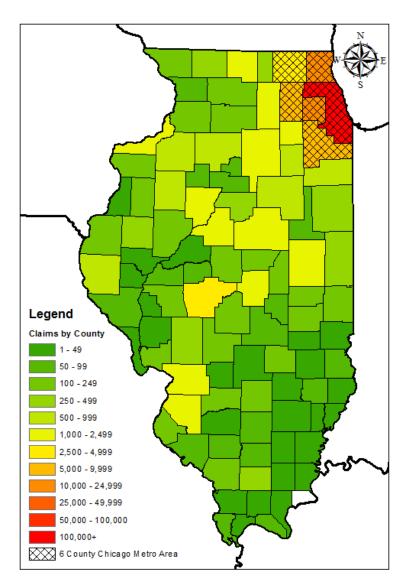
- Illinois Department of Insurance
 - Sewer backup claims
- Federal Emergency Management Agency
 - Disaster Assistance
 - National Flood Insurance claims
- Urban Flooding Survey
 - 120 municipalities responded
- Urban Flooding Symposium
 - Professional judgement
- Other data collection
 - Stakeholder information

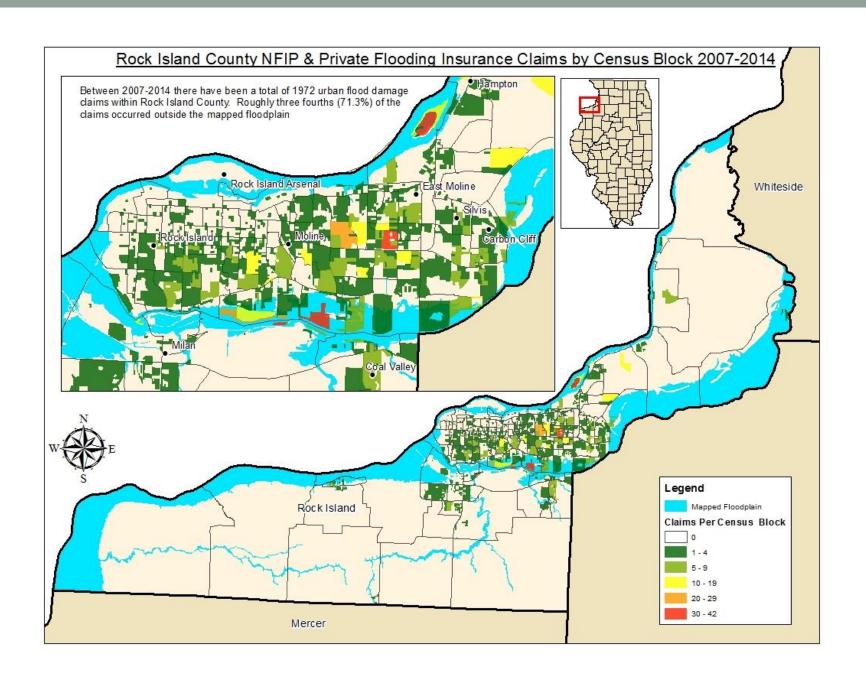


- Past, Current, and Future
 - Prevalence, cost, and trends
 - Impacts of climate change
 - Review technology to evaluate risk
- Effectiveness of Programs and Policies
- Strategies for Reducing Urban Flood Damages



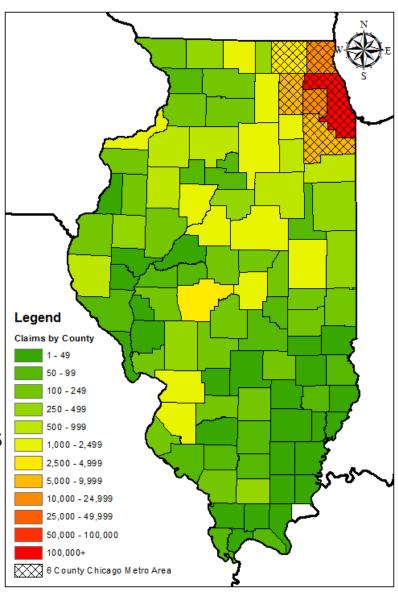
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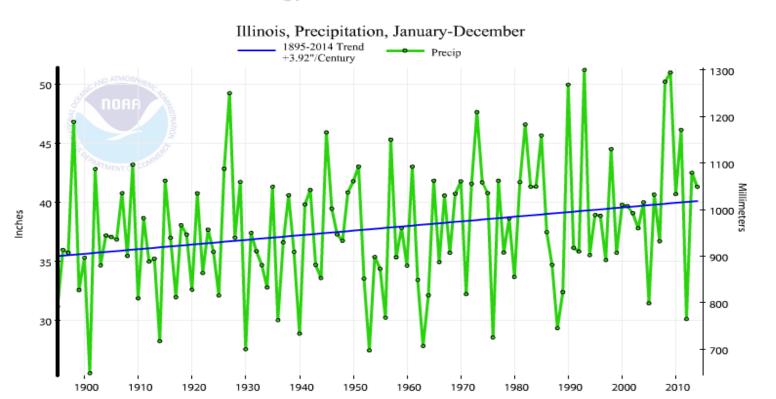
Chapter 1: Prevalence and Cost

- Mandate flood insurance continuing education training for insurance agents.
- Develop a long term insurance database.
- Research lower income household flood insurance coverage and flood insurance pools.
- 4. Research flood mitigation pools to fund work on urban flood areas
- 5. Encourage outreach and education to explain difference between flood insurance and basement backup insurance.



Urban Flooding Private and NFIP Claims by County

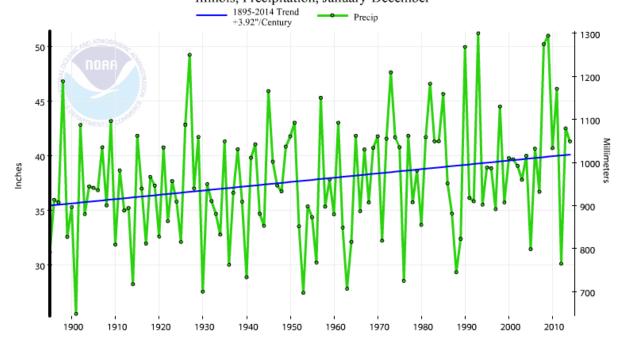
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 - Review technology to evaluate risk



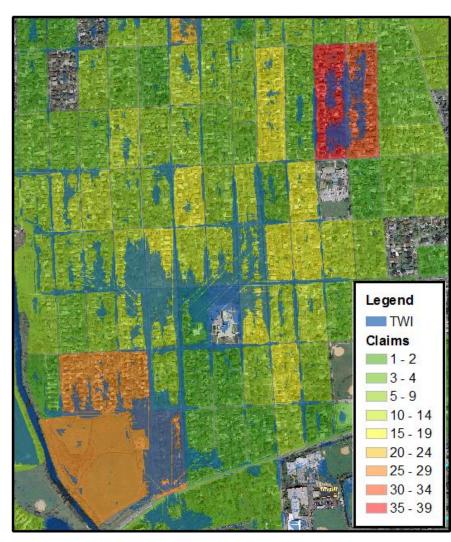
Chapter 2: Climate Trends and Climate Change

- Update precipitation frequency data with additional years of rainfall data and future rainfall trend data.
- 2. Continue funding data collection for monitoring climate and flood data.

 Illinois, Precipitation, January-December



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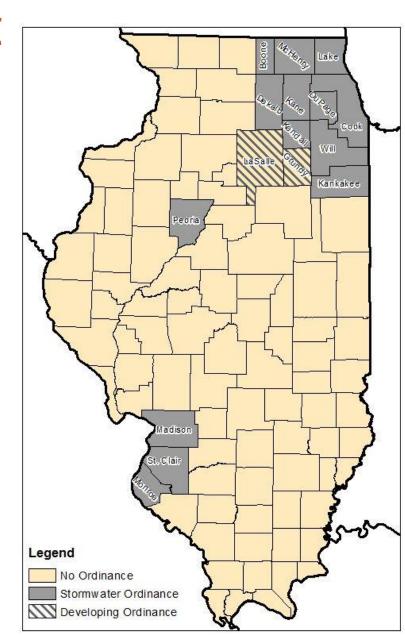


Chapter 3: Technology and Data for Identification of Urban Flooding Potential

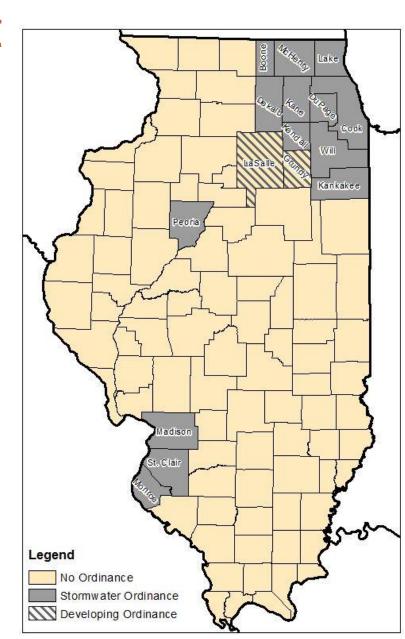
- Topographic wetness indices should be studied further.
- Communities should consider real time stormwater monitoring.
- 3. Locally track storm sewer size and design data to determine changes in system capacity with climate change.
- Communities should consider basement construction ordinances to reduce flooding.



- Past, Current, and Future
- Effectiveness of Programs and Policies
 - Impact of county stormwater programs
 - Evaluation of stormwater policies
- Strategies for Reducing Urban Flood Damages

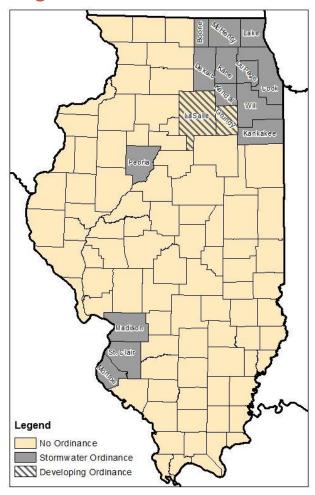


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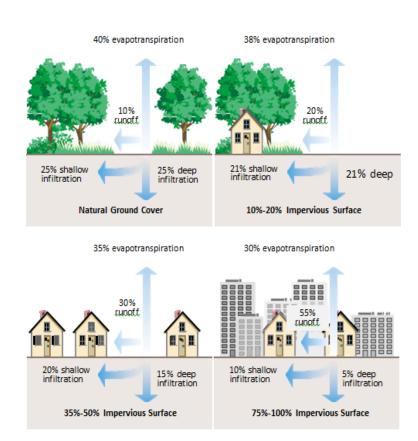
Chapter 4: The Impact of County Stormwater Programs on Urban Flooding

- 1. Counties and municipalities should have the authority to generate stormwater fees.
- 2. Stormwater Management Authority should be granted to all counties.
- Develop a state model stormwater ordinance.



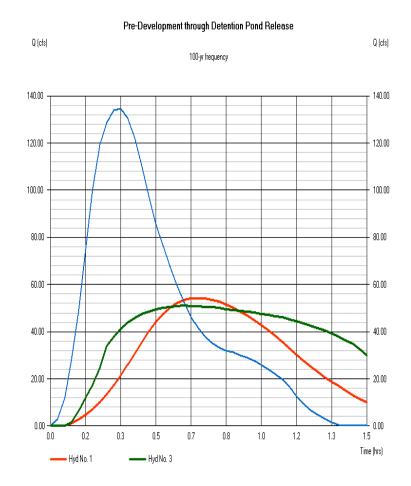
Counties with stormwater ordinances

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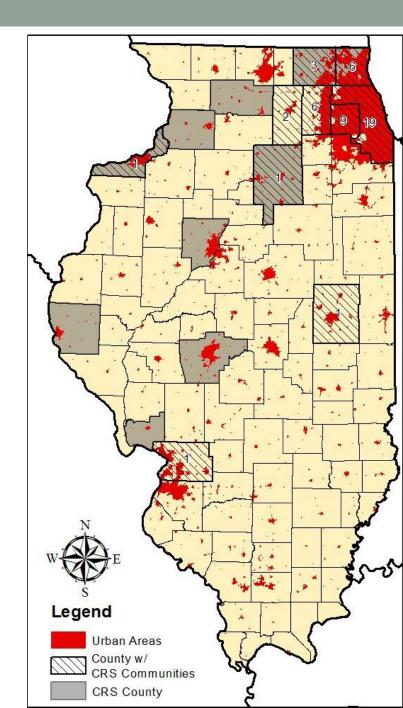


Chapter 5: Evaluation of Design Standards for Stormwater Infrastructure.

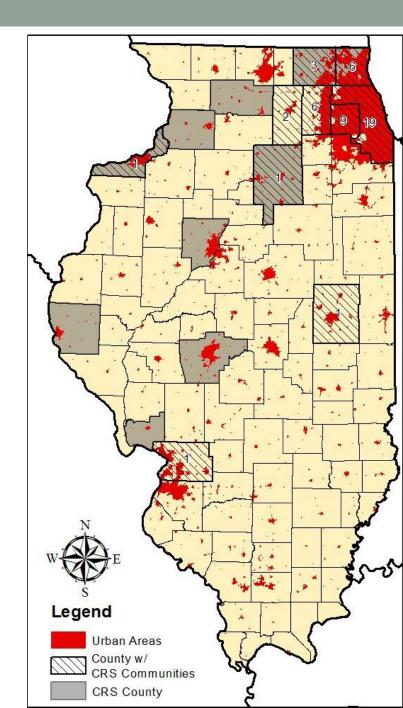
- Continue funding data collection for monitoring climate and flood data.
- Communities should establish and maintain stormwater conveyance areas in new development.
- Communities should incentivize stormwater management practices in redevelopment
- 4. Communities should consider basement construction ordinances to reduce flooding.



- Past, Current, and Future
- Effectiveness of Programs and Policies
- Strategies for Reducing Urban Flood Damages
 - Strategies for flood insurance and basement backup insurance
 - Strategies to minimize damages



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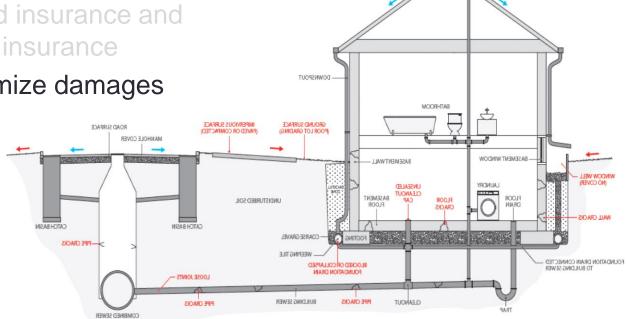
Chapter 7: Strategies and Practices to Increase the Availability, Affordability and Effectiveness of Flood Insurance and Basement Back-up Insurance

- Mandate flood insurance continuing education training for insurance agents.
- Develop an awareness campaign for homeowners and renters.
- Research lower income household flood insurance coverage.
- Establish flood insurance premiums based on the flood loss history in Illinois
- Expand the state revolving fund for implementation of stormwater management issues.



Tercha, M. (2008) Chicago Tribune

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Chapter 9: Strategies for Minimizing Damage to Property from Urban Flooding

- 1. Counties and municipalities should have the authority to generate stormwater fees.
- 2. Stormwater Management Authority should be granted to all counties.
- 3. Fund repetitive loss buyouts inside and outside the floodplain
- Fund communities for cost sharing mitigation programs
- 5. Communities should help homeowners analyze their homes.
- Communities should consider basement construction ordinances to reduce flooding.
- 7. Adopt a modern model stormwater ordinance.
- Expand the state revolving fund for implementation of stormwater management issues.
- The State and communities should incorporate green infrastructure when practical



Report Findings

- Flooding in urban areas is a \$2.3 billion problem in Illinois
- Over 90% of urban flood claims are not in a floodplain
- Urban flooding is expected to increase
- Aging and undersized Storm sewers need to be updated
- CRS, flood insurance and private insurance can be implemented now by communities and homeowners
- The State can provide leadership and look at funding alignment
- The responsibility for urban flooding lies at all levels from government to individual property owners.

Top 10 Recommendations

- 1. Authority to generate stormwater fees
- 2. Community storm water planning and management
- 3. Mandate CEU education of insurance agents
- 4. Update rainfall frequency distribution information
- 5. Create a state model local stormwater ordinance
- 6. Continue funding data collection
- 7. IDNR/IEPA should expand state revolving fund
- 8. An awareness campaign about urban flooding for citizens
- 9. Communities should establish overland flow paths
- 10. Communities should help homeowners analyze their homes

Coordinating Partners Listed in the Act



















Future Tasks

- State Model Ordinance-DONE! July 2015
- Push legislative changes
- Outreach campaign

The report and appendices are available now on the DNR website (search for: Urban Flooding)

Special Thanks to:

- Illinois State Water Survey
- Molly O'Toole & Associates
- Bender Consulting Services
- A Big THANKS to everyone that contributed data!

Questions?

